

A. Beilinson: Langlands Correspondence in the de Rham setting 2

$$A_X \boxtimes A_X \longrightarrow A_X A_X$$

$$a \boxtimes b \longmapsto a \cdot b \in A_X((t_1 - t_2))$$

fixed curve

$$X, Y \text{ scheme } (JY)_x = \text{Hom}(\text{Spec } \mathcal{O}_{x, Y})$$

\Rightarrow factorization space $(JY)_{(x_1, \dots, x_n)} = \text{Hom}(\text{Spec } \mathcal{O}_{(x_1, \dots, x_n)}, Y)$
 schemes are powers of X with compatibilities at and away from diagonals
 - can replace by ind-schemes etc

Instead of jets can consider meromorphic jets: localize Y affine \Rightarrow ind-scheme
 invert equations of points - $y \text{ near } y : \mathcal{O}_{(x_1, \dots, x_n)} \rightarrow F_{(x_1, \dots, x_n)}$

For chiral algebras / factorization / vertex algebras can define modules:

A algebra, to give module structure on M is same as giving algebra structure on $A \oplus M$ restricting to 0 on M , usual on A , action on (a, m)
 \longrightarrow obvious notion of modules

\mathcal{A} chiral algebra
 $x \in X \Rightarrow$ category $\mathcal{M}(\mathcal{A}_x)_x$ of modules supported at x
 M module $\Leftrightarrow \mathcal{A}_{\mathcal{O}_x} \boxtimes M \longrightarrow F_x \hat{\otimes} M$
 $F_x = \text{local field}$ vector space \rightarrow vertex operator
 \Leftrightarrow can replace $\mathcal{A}_{\mathcal{O}_x}$ by \mathcal{A}_{F_x} : only depends on \mathcal{A} on punctured disc (satisfying same properties...)

Can twist chiral algebras w/ torsors:
 chiral alg form tensor category, clear from factorization (just tensor your sheaves)

G_X group scheme / X with connection - in particular commutative chiral algebras (jets). Can speak of G_X action on chiral algebra \mathcal{A}

F_X G_X torsor (plain torsor + connection)
 \Rightarrow can twist \mathcal{A} by $F \Rightarrow \mathcal{A}^F$

Particular case: constant group scheme, torsor = plain G -torsor

Another case: G any group scheme / $X \Rightarrow JG_X$ jets has connection, JG torsors $\Leftrightarrow G$ torsors (v. conn)

[Note $G_x \subset JG_x$.]

[Correction from last time: $\Gamma: D$ -mod on affine flag \rightarrow reps
 \mathbb{L} ample lying horst ... no choices involved!]

The affine Grassmannian G reductive group, X curve
 $G_{r,x} = G(\mathbb{F}_x) / G(\mathbb{O}_x)$ gives ind-scheme X
 \downarrow \downarrow with these as fibers.
 Laurent at x Taylor at x

$G_{r,x}$ carries canonical factorization structure & connection
 & unit section

integral quadratic forms \Rightarrow line bundle on G_r ,
 also carries natural factorization structure.

Level $c \Rightarrow$ line bundle L_c on $G_{r,x}$ even
 compatible with factorization!

eg on X^2 : on diagonal have $G_{r,x}$ with L_c
 off diagonal have $G_{r,x} * G_{r,x}$ with $L_c \boxtimes L_c$

Claim Let P be a commutative algebra with action of
 $G^v \Rightarrow$ canonical assignment of vertex algebra on X , $A = A(P)$

Fibers: P as G^v -module \Rightarrow perverse sheaf
 on G_r given by Satake equivalence

(P not nec fin dim but algebraic - sum of c.d reps,
 so perverse sheaf will be sum of basic IC sheaves)

$$\mapsto D\text{-module } P_x \text{ on } G_{r,x} \mapsto \Gamma(G_{r,x}, P_x \otimes L_c) = A_x$$

global sections of twisted D -module. c a subcritical
 weight \Rightarrow no higher cohomology

A_x is in fact a factorization algebra, thanks to Satake:

$$\begin{array}{ccccc} \text{eg define } A_{X^2} & & & & \\ \text{on } G_{r,x}/G_{r,x} & \rightarrow & G_{r,x^2} & \xrightarrow{\Delta} & G_{r,x} \\ & & \downarrow & & \downarrow \\ & & X^2 & \rightarrow & X \end{array}$$

Use algebra structure on P : $\text{Per}_{G(G)}(\mathbb{C}r)$ is a tensor category, $\text{Rep}_G \rightarrow$ tensor functor, so P gives algebra w/ this tensor product, \otimes_X

Take $j_* j^* P_X \otimes P_X \rightarrow \Delta_X P$ way to rewrite product of P

Take the kernel of this map & push forward Π_* . $\text{Ker} = \mathcal{A}_X^2$.

P trivial (unit) algebra \Rightarrow vacuum representation of Kac-Moody algebra. $P = \mathcal{J}$ -functions on distinguished point of $\mathbb{C}r$

We'll consider $P = \text{regular rep}$, as left G^V -module \Rightarrow right action gives algebra with G^V -action in $\text{Rep } G^V \Rightarrow$ get chiral algebra with G^V action.

Def \mathcal{A} corresponding to $P = \text{regular rep}$ is called the chiral Hecke algebra, carries G^V action \Rightarrow can twist by any G^V -torsor \mathcal{F} with connection, & consider category of chiral modules supported at a point:

$x \in X$ \mathcal{F} G^V -loc system $\text{Spec } F_x \rightsquigarrow \mathcal{A}^{\mathcal{F}} \rightsquigarrow \mathcal{M}(\mathcal{A}^{\mathcal{F}})_x$ - only need \mathcal{F} , $\mathcal{A}^{\mathcal{F}}$ on punctured disc to define this category of modules supp at point.

As \mathcal{F} varies get family of chiral algebras over $\mathcal{L}\mathcal{S} = \mathcal{L}\mathcal{S}(G^V, \text{Spec } F)$ moduli of local system on $\text{Spa } F_x$.

trivial \circ regular rep \Rightarrow kac-moody sits G^V -invariant in $\mathcal{A}^{\mathcal{F}}$, so $\mathcal{A}^{\mathcal{F}}$ -module gives $K-M$ module - consider as family of KM modules over $\mathcal{L}\mathcal{S}$

$\Gamma : \mathcal{M}(\mathcal{A}^{\mathcal{L}\mathcal{S}})_x \rightarrow \text{mod}(\mathcal{O}_x(F_x))^c$ - modules

Conjecture : This is an equivalence of categories

$G = T$ torus $T(F_x) = \Gamma \otimes F_x^*$
 level $\leftrightarrow \mathbb{Z}$ -valued bilinear form on lattice Γ .
 corresp. to T . here just need nondegen form
 (no negativity) \Rightarrow lattice Heisenberg vertex algebra?

$T(F_x)$ group indscheme, \hookrightarrow (and) canonical extension
 of $T(F_x)$ by \mathbb{G}_m , the Heisenberg group. $T(F_x)^c$.
 (commutator pairing $T(F_x) \vee T(F_x) \rightarrow \mathbb{G}_m$
 $[x_1 \otimes f_1, x_2 \otimes f_2] = \{f_1, f_2\}^{-c(\Gamma_1, \Gamma_2)}$)

{ } Torus symbol with parameters (Cartan-Cerreia)

lattice not even \Rightarrow super extension by \mathbb{G}_m .

extra structure: Splitting $T(O_x) \subset T(F_x)^c$
 $\&$ symmetric structure: inverse involution on $T(F_x)$
 lifts to Heisenberg.

$\text{Incl}_{T(O_x)}^{T(F_x)^c}(1) =$ fiber of lattice Heisenberg structure \mathcal{A}

Connected component of $O_x \in \Gamma \Rightarrow$ Lie algebra, induced rep
 $=$ vacuum rep of Heisenberg Lie algebra $\mathcal{A}^0 \subset \mathcal{A}$.

Modules for a vacuum rep of $\mathfrak{g} \leftrightarrow$ modules of \mathfrak{g}

Reps of \mathcal{A} is a small, semisimple category: unlike those
 of \mathcal{A}_0 , much smaller.

Our form $c: T \rightarrow T^\vee$ has finite kernel \mathbb{Z}
 \mathcal{A} -mod $\xrightarrow{\sim} \mathbb{Z}$ -mod reps of (finite group scheme)!

Twists & rigidity \mathcal{A} is Γ -graded \leftrightarrow has T^\vee action

$T(O_x)$ action (induced rep of Heisenberg)

\rightarrow jet group scheme of T

- action of group schemes on our chiral algebra, one of Pin type
 (with comodule) one of jet type

(Save time for $G(O)$, G^\vee on chiral (Heisenberg))

but here they're compatible under $\mathbb{Z} \hookrightarrow T(O_x) \xrightarrow{c} T^\vee(O_x)$

$\mathbb{Z} =$ also kernel $T(O_x) \rightarrow T(O_x)$ $\mathbb{Z} \hookrightarrow T \xrightarrow{c} T^\vee$

So action is trivial on \mathbb{Z} , & action of constant group T^V extends to action of $T^V(\mathcal{O}_X)$

So twist by T^V local system \leftrightarrow extend to $T^V(\mathcal{O}_X)$ -torsor (inducing) & twist by this larger torsor.

BUT $T^V(\mathcal{O}_X)$ -torsor + conn \leftrightarrow T^V bundle \circledast result independent of connection on T^V -bundle!

$$A^{\mathbb{Z}} \xrightarrow{\sim} A \quad \text{depending on trivialization of } T^V\text{-bundle}$$

$$\downarrow \quad \downarrow$$

$$A^0 \xrightarrow{\sim} A^0$$

not identity: depends on potential of connection
So it doesn't change but rep of A^0 will change, by action of Heisenberg group changing connection

\Rightarrow implies conjecture for $G=T$: look at \mathcal{L}_{T^V}
- for fixed T^V bundle eg T^V connection \leftrightarrow connections, take mod gauge transformations of G^*
- so only polar part of torus survive, write as sum of residue + purely irregular part.

\downarrow
Group acts by translation by integers \rightarrow acts infinitesimally

$$\Rightarrow \text{looks like } \mathbb{A}^1/\mathbb{Z} \times \{ \omega(\mathbb{Z})/\omega \leq 1 \} / \text{inf. translation} \times B\mathbb{G}_m$$

- consider \mathcal{O} -modules on this: on \mathbb{A}^1/\mathbb{Z} -equivariant, on pole part get \mathcal{D} -mod, + extra grading from $B\mathbb{G}_m$.
Fiber at point is abelian semisimple category with fin many simple objects

On other hand Heisenberg reps: $F^c = \mathbb{G} \times \mathbb{M} \times \text{polar part}$
modules over Heisenberg \leftrightarrow \mathcal{O} -mod on $\mathbb{A}^1 \times \{ \omega(\mathbb{Z})/\omega \leq 1 \} / \text{inf. translation}$
... \mathbb{Z} & $B\mathbb{G}_m$ connect each other

"Global sections" on our n-dim stack: define by hands as covariants ...