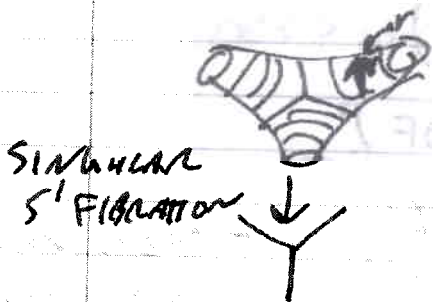


MIRKOV: DIVISORS & TROPICAL JACOBIANS

STARTING INGREDIENTS

- TROPICAL SEMIFIELD \mathbb{R} ($\max, +$) INDUCED ON \mathbb{R} ($+, \times$) BY LOG: $\mathbb{R}_+ \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$

WHAT'S INDUCED DEGENERATION OF CX STRUCTURE ON ALG MPDS?



START FROM \mathbb{C} ON \mathbb{C}^2 TANGENT TO FIBER
 \mathbb{J}_+^1 - STRUCTURE $V \rightarrow \mathbb{C}^n$
 $T^1_0 \subset TX \otimes \mathbb{C}$

$$T^+ = TX \otimes \mathbb{R}$$

WE CAN ASSOCIATE A LIMITING OBJECT TO A FAMILY OF POLYNOMIALS

$$f_t(x) = \sum_j a_j(t) x^j \quad j \in \mathbb{Z}^n$$

$$V_t = \{ f_t = 0 \} \subset (\mathbb{C}^*)^n$$

$a_j(t) =$ Puiseux series

$$\lim_{t \rightarrow 0} \log_t(V_t)$$

$$\log_t(x_1 \cdots x_n) = (\log_t |x_1|, \dots, \log_t |x_n|)$$

THIS IS (VIRASO) PATCHWORKING

② TROPICAL CURVES (ABSTRACT)

(IN GENERAL TROPICAL VARIETIES ARE POLYHEDRAL COMPLEXES W/ \mathbb{Z} -AFFINE STRUCTURE)

MIRVALKIN

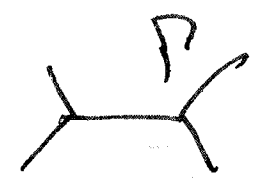
(2)

IN DIM 1, A TROPICAL CURVE IS A COMPLETE METRIC GRAPH.



n VECTORS \rightarrow NEED \mathbb{R}^{n-1}

Genus

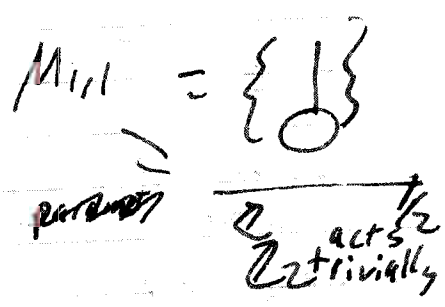
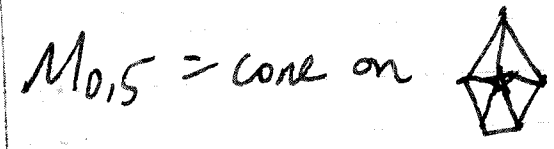
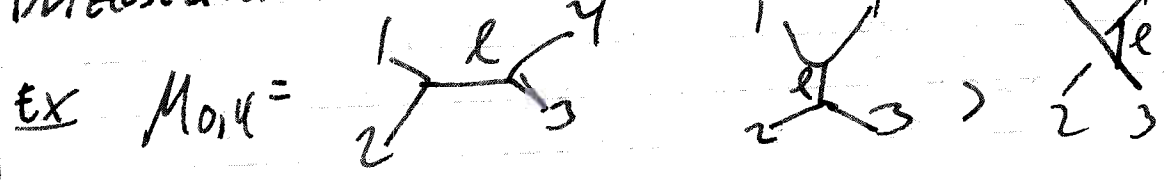


$g(P) = \frac{1}{2}(n-1)$
 $n = \# \text{ ENDS OF } P$

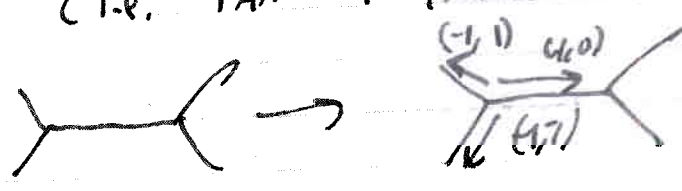
$\dim M_{g,n} = 3g - 3 + n$

$M_{0,n}$ - TROP. VARIETY
 $M_{g,n}$ - TROP. STACK

IT'S POSSIBLE TO DO INTERSECTION HERE - NOT CP, BUT COMPLETE



TROPICAL MAP: $P \rightarrow \mathbb{R}^n$ RESPECTING AFFINE STRUCTURE
 (I.E. TANGENT VECTORS $\rightarrow \mathbb{Z}$)

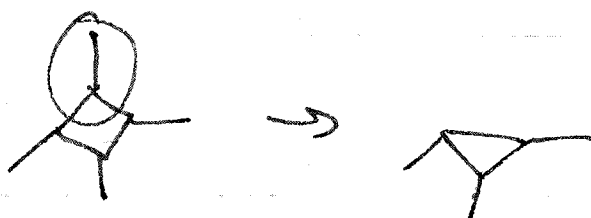


ALSO MULTIPLICITIES IN 3-VALENT VERTICES

MINKIN

$$M_{g, n+1} \rightarrow M_{g, n}$$

Forget



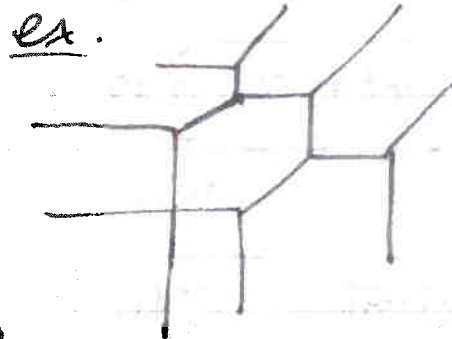
$$M_{g, n}^B(\mathbb{R}^n)$$

$\beta =$ 'homology class' in \mathbb{R}^n
 or degree

"set of directions of unbounded edges"

Agrees w/ degree for toric varieties

EX. \mathbb{P}^2 , DEGREE d CURVES



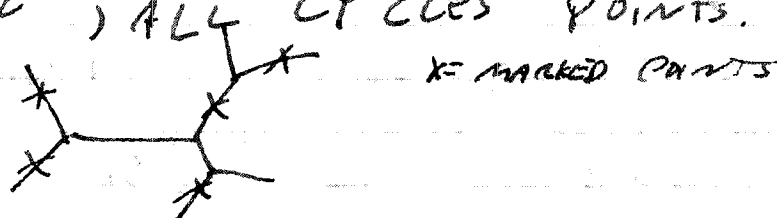
RATIONAL
 ← PROS.
 UNBIC

$$ev: M_{g, n}^B(\mathbb{R}^n) \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$$

INTERSECTIONS OF ev^* (TROPICAL CYCLES) IN $M_{g, n}(\mathbb{P}^n)$

GIVE NUMBERS THAT COINCIDE WITH CORRESPONDING
 CX. #'S FOR \mathbb{R}^2 OR \mathbb{R}^n (ANY GENUS)
 FOR $(\mathbb{C}^*)^n$

EX 1 \mathbb{R}^2) ALL CYCLES POINTS.



GAKN IS PRESCRIBED A MULTIPLICITY $\equiv \prod$ MULT VERTICES

MULT. IS MIXED PRODUCT $(v_1 \times v_2) \cdot v_3$

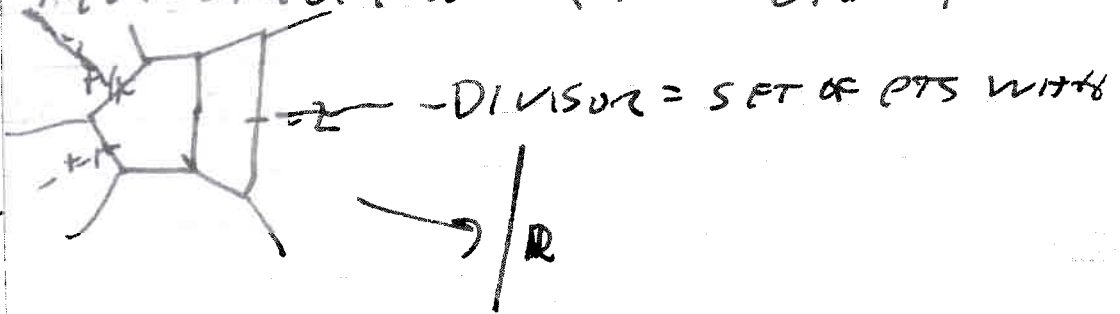
④

M HALLIN
et

det of any 3 of 4 vectors $\hookrightarrow \mathbb{R}^3$

④

DIVISORS & LINEAR EQUIVALENCE
MEROMORPHIC FN ON Γ .



Mittag-Leffler problem:
Do D 's come from a meromorphic function

ASSOCIATE CLASSICALLY	JACOBIAN	TO P	$\mathbb{C}^g / \mathbb{Z}^g$
	$(H^{1,0})^*$	$H^0(S, \mathcal{O})$	w_1, \dots, w_g
$\mathbb{R}^g / \mathbb{Z}^g$	$H^1(P)^*$	$H_1(P)$	

$\mathbb{R}^2 / \mathbb{Z} \oplus \mathbb{Z}$
 $(-k_1, k_2)$

TROPICAL Θ FN (ALEXEEV) QUADRATIC FORM
" $\sum_n x^n$ " OR " $\sum B(h, n) v^n$ "

THETA DIVISOR: $Sym^g - h(P) \rightarrow Jac$

QUESTIONS

